Convexity Day

MPI Leipzig, September 9, 2019

Some hands-on activities suggested by **Bernd Sturmfels**

- (1) Consider the set $C = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : f(x) \leq 1\}$ where f(x) is a polynomial in n real variables. How can you test whether C is compact? How to test whether C is convex?
- (2) Is there an algorithm for testing whether a convex set C given as in (1) is a zonoid.
- (3) Give an example of a polynomial f in n=3 variables of degree four such that the set C in (1) is a zonoid. Do these f form a semialgebraic subset in $\mathbb{R}[x,y,z]_{\leq 4} \simeq \mathbb{R}^{35}$?
- (4) Let T be the triangle with vertices in (2,0,0), (0,2,0) and (0,0,2) in \mathbb{R}^3 and consider the unit ball $B = \{(x,y,z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \le 1\}$. Is the Minkowski sum T + B a basic semialgebraic set? Give a nice description of T + B by polynomial inequalities.
- (5) Redo Problem (4) with T replaced by a random ellipse in the plane $\{x + y + z = 1\}$.
- (6) Redo problems (4) and (5) with B replaced by a random ellipsoid in \mathbb{R}^3 .
- (7) In Problems (4), (5) and (6), determine the coefficients of the polynomial function $x \mapsto \text{vol}(T + xB)$. Can you use exact arithmetic in writing down these coefficients?
- (8) Are the convex sets in (4), (5) and (6) spectrahedra? How about their convex duals?
- (9) Pick three random ellipsoids in \mathbb{R}^3 . Determine their convex hull and its dual.
- (10) The logo of the MPI Nonlinear Algebra Group is the spectrahedron

$$\mathcal{S} = \left\{ (x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : \begin{pmatrix} 1 & x & y \\ x & 1 & z \\ y & z & 1 \end{pmatrix} \succeq 0 \right\}.$$

Compute the projection body of S. Is that projection body a (basic) semialgebraic set?

- (11) Compute the *intersection body* of the octahedron $P = \text{conv}(\pm e_1, \pm e_2, \pm e_3)$ in \mathbb{R}^3 .
- (12) Study the convex hull of the trigonometric space curve $(\cos(\theta), \cos(2\theta), \sin(3\theta))$.
- (13) Describe the normal cycles of all convex bodies seen on this page. Yes, use polynomials!

- (14) True or false: Given a (centrally symmetric) convex body that is semialgebraic then both its projection body and its intersection body are also semialgebraic.
- (15) Generalize the spectrahedron in (10) by introducing positive real parameters a, b, c:

$$\mathcal{S}_{abc} = \left\{ (x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : \begin{pmatrix} a & x & y \\ x & b & z \\ y & z & c \end{pmatrix} \succeq 0 \right\}.$$

Prove that the volume of S_{abc} is equal to $(1/2)abc \cdot \pi^2$. How about the surface area?

(16) A function $p: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$ is *convex* if its Hessian determinant is nonnegative at every point. Study this property for functions defined by binary sextics

$$p(x,y) = ax^6 + bx^5y + cx^4y^2 + dx^3y^3 + ex^2y^4 + fxy^5 + qy^6.$$

Show that the following set is a semialgebraic convex cone

$$\mathcal{C} = \{(a, b, c, d, e, f, g) \in \mathbb{R}^7 : \text{the function } p(x, y) \text{ is convex} \}.$$

What are the faces of C? What is the degree (and defining polynomial) of its boundary?

- (17) Why are *Lorentzian polynomials* relevant for convex geometry?
- (18) Why does Antonio Lerario like the kinematic formulas?
- (19) What are all the tensor valuations of the spectrahedron S in (10)?
- (20) What can you say about the convex hull of the rotation group SO(3) in the space of 3 × 3-matrices? What are the faces of this convex body? How to describe the dual convex body? How would you compute features like volume, algebraic boundary, singularities, normal cycle for these 9-dimensional convex bodies? Why does it matter?

